

BARIUM(II) OXIDE 90%

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Section 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name: BARIUM(II) OXIDE 90%

CAS number: 1304-28-5

Product code: IN1212

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name: Apollo Scientific Ltd Units 3 & 4 Parkway Denton Manchester M34 3SG UK Tel: 0161 337 9971 Fax: 0161 336 6932 Email: david.tideswell@apolloscientific.co.uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Section 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification under CLP:	Acute Tox. 3: H301+311+331; Skin Corr. 1B: H314
Classification under CHIP:	T: R23/24/25; C: R34
Most important adverse effects:	Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled. Causes severe skin burns and eye
	damage.

2.2. Label elements

Label elements:		
Hazard statements:	H301+311+331: Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.	
	H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.	
Signal words:	Danger	
Hazard pictograms:	GHS05: Corrosion	
	GHS06: Skull and crossbones	



[cont...]

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Precautionary statements: P310: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/.

P260: Do not breathe dust.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P284: [In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection.

2.3. Other hazards

PBT: This product is not identified as a PBT/vPvB substance.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Chemical identity: BARIUM(II) OXIDE 90%

CAS number: 1304-28-5

Section 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Skin contact:	Remove all contaminated clothes and footwear immediately unless stuck to skin.	
	Drench the affected skin with running water for 10 minutes or longer if substance is still	
	on skin. Transfer to hospital if there are burns or symptoms of poisoning.	
Eye contact:	Bathe the eye with running water for 15 minutes. Transfer to hospital for specialist	

examination.

Ingestion: Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. If conscious, give half a litre of water to drink immediately. If unconscious, check for breathing and apply artificial respiration if necessary. If unconscious and breathing is OK, place in the recovery position. Transfer to hospital as soon as possible.

Inhalation: Remove casualty from exposure ensuring one's own safety whilst doing so. If conscious, ensure the casualty sits or lies down. If unconscious and breathing is OK, place in the recovery position. If unconscious, check for breathing and apply artificial respiration if necessary. If breathing becomes bubbly, have the casualty sit and provide oxygen if available. Transfer to hospital as soon as possible.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Skin contact: There may be redness or whiteness of the skin in the area of exposure. Irritation or pain may occur at the site of contact. Absorption through the skin may be fatal.

- Eye contact: There may be severe pain. The eyes may water profusely.
 - Ingestion: There may be soreness and redness of the mouth and throat. There may be vomiting. Convulsions may occur. There may be loss of consciousness.
 - Inhalation: There may be shortness of breath with a burning sensation in the throat. Absorption through the lungs can occur causing symptoms similar to those of ingestion. Convulsions may occur. There may be loss of consciousness.

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4.3. Indication of any immediate	medical attention and special treatment needed	
Section 5: Fire-fighting measure	as a state of the	
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5.1. Extinguishing media		
Extinguishing media:	Carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder, foam. Suitable extinguishing media for the	
	surrounding fire should be used. Use water spray to cool containers.	
5.2. Special hazards arising from	n the substance or mixture	
Exposure hazards:	Toxic. Corrosive. In combustion emits toxic fumes. Barium oxides.	
5.3. Advice for fire-fighters		
Advice for fire-fighters:	Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear protective clothing to prevent contact	
	with skin and eyes.	
Section 6: Accidental release m		
Section 6: Accidental release in		
6.1. Personal precautions, prote	ective equipment and emergency procedures	
Personal precautions:	Notify the police and fire brigade immediately. If outside do not approach from	
	downwind. If outside keep bystanders upwind and away from danger point. Mark out the	
	contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorised personnel. Do not	
	attempt to take action without suitable protective clothing - see section 8 of SDS. Do not	
	create dust.	
6.2. Environmental precautions		
Environmental precautions:	Do not discharge into drains or rivers.	
6.3. Methods and material for co	ontainment and cleaning up	
Clean-up procedures:	Clean-up should be dealt with only by qualified personnel familiar with the specific	
	substance. Transfer to a closable, labelled salvage container for disposal by an	
	appropriate method.	
6.4. Reference to other sections		
Section 7: Handling and storage	3	
7.1. Precautions for safe handling	ng	
Handling requirements:	Avoid direct contact with the substance. Ensure there is exhaust ventilation of the area.	
nanuning requirements.	Avoid the formation or spread of dust in the air. Only use in fume hood.	
7.9. Conditions for acts stores	, including any incompatibilities	
Storage conditions:	Store in a cool, well ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed. Air sensitive. Moisture	
	sensitive. Store under Argon.	
Suitable packaging:	Must only be kept in original packaging.	

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7.3. Specific end use(s)		
Specific end use(s):	No data available.	
Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection		
8.1. Control parameters		
Workplace exposure limits:	No data available.	
DNEL/PNEC Values		
DNEL / PNEC	No data available.	
8.2. Exposure controls		
Engineering measures:	Ensure there is exhaust ventilation of the area.	
Respiratory protection:	Self-contained breathing apparatus must be available in case of emergency. Particle	
	filter class P1 (EN143).	
Hand protection:	Protective gloves.	
Eye protection:	Safety glasses with side-shields. Ensure eye bath is to hand.	
Skin protection:	Protective clothing.	

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

State: Powder

9.2. Other information

Other information: No data available.

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity: Stable under recommended transport or storage conditions.

10.2. Chemical stability

Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal transport or storage conditions.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid: Heat. Air. Moisture.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid: Strong oxidising agents. Strong acids.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Haz. decomp. products: In combustion emits toxic fumes. Barium oxides.

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Section 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Relevant hazards for substance:

Hazard	Route	Basis
Acute toxicity (ac. tox. 3)	INH DRM ING	Based on test data
Skin corrosion/irritation	DRM	Based on test data
Serious eye damage/irritation	OPT	Based on test data

Symptoms / routes of exposure

Skin contact: There may be redness or whiteness of the skin in the area of exposure. Irritation or pain may occur at the site of contact. Absorption through the skin may be fatal.
Eye contact: There may be severe pain. The eyes may water profusely.
Ingestion: There may be soreness and redness of the mouth and throat. There may be vomiting. Convulsions may occur. There may be loss of consciousness.
Inhalation: There may be shortness of breath with a burning sensation in the throat. Absorption through the lungs can occur causing symptoms similar to those of ingestion.

Convulsions may occur. There may be loss of consciousness.

Section 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity values: No data available.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability: No data available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential: No data available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility: No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT identification: This product is not identified as a PBT/vPvB substance.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects: No data available.

Section 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal operations: Transfer to a suitable container and arrange for collection by specialised disposal company. MATERIAL SHOULD BE DISPOSED OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS

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Disposal of packaging: Dispose of as special waste in compliance with local and national regulations Observe all federal, state and local environmental regulations.

NB: The user's attention is drawn to the possible existence of regional or national regulations regarding disposal.

Marine pollutant: No

Section 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

UN number: UN1884

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Shipping name: BARIUM OXIDE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Transport class: 6.1

14.4. Packing group

Packing group: |||

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous: No

14.6. Special precautions for user

Tunnel code: E

Transport category: 2

Section 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessment: A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for the substance or the mixture by the supplier.

Section 16: Other information

Other information

Other information:	This safety data sheet is prepared in accordance with Commission Regulation (EU) No 453/2010.
	* Data predicted using computational software. Toxtree - Toxic Hazard Estimation by
	decision tree approach. http://ecb.jrc.ec.europa.eu/qsar/qsar-tools/index.php?
	c=TOXTREE
	~ Data predicted using computational software ACD/ToxSuite v 2.95.1 Copyright 1994-
	2009 ACD/labs, Copyright 2001-2009 Pharma Algorithms, Inc, Advanced Chemistry
	Development, Inc (ACD/Labs). http://www.acdlabs.com/products/pc_admet/tox/tox/

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Phrases used in s.2 and s.3: H301+311+331: Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled. H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. R23/24/25: Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. R34: Causes burns. Legend to abbreviations: PNEC = predicted no effect level DNEL = derived no effect level LD50 = median lethal dose LC50 = median lethal concentration EC50 = median effective concentration IC50 = median inhibitory concentration dw = dry weight bw = body weight cc = closed cup oc = open cup MUS = mouse GPG = guinea pig RBT = rabbit HAM = hamster HMN = human MAM = mammal PGN = pigeon IVN = intravenous SCU = subcutaneous SKN = skin DRM = dermal OCC = ocular/corneal PCP = phycico-chemical properties Legal disclaimer: The material is intended for research purposes only and should be handled exclusively by those who have been fully trained in safety, laboratory and chemical handling procedures. The above information is believed to be correct to the best of our knowledge. The above information is believed to be correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of its publication, but should not be considered to be all inclusive. It should be used only as a guide for safe handling, storage, transportation and disposal. We cannot guarantee that the hazards detailed in this document are the only hazards that exist for this product. This is not a warranty and Apollo Scientific Ltd shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.