

2,5-BIS(TRIFLUOROMETHYL)PHENYLACETONITRILE 98%

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Revision No: 2

Section 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name: 2,5-BIS(TRIFLUOROMETHYL)PHENYLACETONITRILE 98%

CAS number: 302911-99-5

Product code: PC5971

Synonyms: 2,5-BIS(TRIFLUOROMETHYL)BENZYL CYANIDE

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name: Apollo Scientific Ltd Units 3 & 4 Parkway Denton

> Manchester M34 3SG

UK

Tel: 0161 337 9971

Fax: 0161 336 6932

Email: david.tideswell@apolloscientific.co.uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Section 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification under CHIP:	Xn: R20/22; T: R24; Xi: R36/37/38
Classification under CLP:	STOT SE 3: H335; Acute Tox. 3: H311; Acute Tox. 4: H302+332; Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Skin Irrit.
	2: H315
Most important adverse effects:	Harmful by inhalation and if swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin. Irritating to eyes,
	respiratory system and skin.

2.2. Label elements

Label elements under CLP:

Hazard statements: H302+332: Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

- H311: Toxic in contact with skin.
- H315: Causes skin irritation.
- H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
- H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

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Signal words:
Danger

Hazard pictograms:
GHS06: Skull and crossbones

Image: I

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Chemical identity: 2,5-BIS(TRIFLUOROMETHYL)PHENYLACETONITRILE 98%

Section 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Skin contact:	Remove all contaminated clothes and footwear immediately unless stuck to skin.	
	Drench the affected skin with running water for 10 minutes or longer if substance is still	
	on skin. Transfer to hospital if there are burns or symptoms of poisoning.	
Eye contact:	Bathe the eye with running water for 15 minutes. Transfer to hospital for specialist	
	examination.	
Ingestion:	Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. If conscious, give half a litre of water	
	to drink immediately. If unconscious, check for breathing and apply artificial respiration if	
	necessary. If unconscious and breathing is OK, place in the recovery position. Transfer	
	to hospital as soon as possible.	
Inhalation:	Remove casualty from exposure ensuring one's own safety whilst doing so. If	
	conscious, ensure the casualty sits or lies down. If unconscious and breathing is OK,	
	place in the recovery position. If unconscious, check for breathing and apply artificial	
	respiration if necessary. If breathing becomes bubbly, have the casualty sit and provide	
	oxygen if available. Transfer to hospital as soon as possible.	

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4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Skin contact: There may be redness or whiteness of the skin in the area of exposure. Irritation or pain may occur at the site of contact. Absorption through the skin may be fatal.

Eye contact: There may be severe pain. The eyes may water profusely.

Ingestion: There may be soreness and redness of the mouth and throat. There may be vomiting. Convulsions may occur. There may be loss of consciousness.

Inhalation: There may be shortness of breath with a burning sensation in the throat. Absorption

through the lungs can occur causing symptoms similar to those of ingestion.

Convulsions may occur. There may be loss of consciousness.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder, foam. Suitable extinguishing media for the surrounding fire should be used. Use water spray to cool containers.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Exposure hazards: Toxic. In combustion emits toxic fumes. Carbon oxides. Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Hydrogen fluoride (HF).

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Advice for fire-fighters: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear protective clothing to prevent contact with skin and eves.

Section 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions: Notify the police and fire brigade immediately. If outside do not approach from downwind. If outside keep bystanders upwind and away from danger point. Mark out the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorised personnel. Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective clothing - see section 8 of SDS. Turn leaking containers leak-side up to prevent the escape of liquid.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions: Do not discharge into drains or rivers. Contain the spillage using bunding.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean-up procedures: Clean-up should be dealt with only by qualified personnel familiar with the specific substance. Absorb into dry earth or sand. Transfer to a closable, labelled salvage container for disposal by an appropriate method.

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6.4. Reference to other sections

Section 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Handling requirements: Avoid direct contact with the substance. Ensure there is exhaust ventilation of the area.

Avoid the formation or spread of mists in the air. Only use in fume hood.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions: Store in cool, well ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed.

Suitable packaging: Must only be kept in original packaging.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s): No data available.

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Workplace exposure limits: Not applicable.

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering measures:	Ensure there is exhaust ventilation of the area.
Respiratory protection:	Self-contained breathing apparatus must be available in case of emergency.
Hand protection:	Impermeable gloves.
Eye protection:	Safety glasses with side-shields. Ensure eye bath is to hand.
Skin protection:	Impermeable protective clothing.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

State: Liquid

Colour: Colourless

Oxidising: Non-oxidising (by EC criteria)

Solubility in water: Not miscible

9.2. Other information

Other information: Not applicable.

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity: Stable under recommended transport or storage conditions.

10.2. Chemical stability

Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.

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10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal transport or storage conditions.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid: Heat. Hot surfaces. Flames.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid: Strong oxidising agents. Strong acids.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Haz. decomp. products: In combustion emits toxic fumes of carbon dioxide / carbon monoxide. Nitrogen oxides

(NOx). Hydrogen fluoride (HF).

Section 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Relevant hazards for substance:

Hazard	Route	Basis
Acute toxicity (ac. tox. 4)	INH ING	Based on test data
Acute toxicity (ac. tox. 3)	DRM	Based on test data
Skin corrosion/irritation	DRM	Based on test data
Serious eye damage/irritation	OPT	Based on test data
STOT-single exposure	INH	Based on test data

Symptoms / routes of exposure

Skin contact: There may be redness or whiteness of the skin in the area of exposure. Irritation or pain may occur at the site of contact. Absorption through the skin may be fatal.

Eye contact: There may be severe pain. The eyes may water profusely.

Ingestion: There may be soreness and redness of the mouth and throat. There may be vomiting. Convulsions may occur. There may be loss of consciousness.

Inhalation: There may be shortness of breath with a burning sensation in the throat. Absorption through the lungs can occur causing symptoms similar to those of ingestion. Convulsions may occur. There may be loss of consciousness.

Section 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity values: Not applicable.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability: No data available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential: No data available.

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12.4. Mobility in soil Mobility: No data available. 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment **PBT identification:** This substance is not identified as a PBT substance. 12.6. Other adverse effects Other adverse effects: No data available. Section 13: Disposal considerations 13.1. Waste treatment methods Disposal operations: MATERIAL SHOULD BE DISPOSED OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS Disposal of packaging: Dispose of as special waste in compliance with local and national regulations Observe all federal, state and local environmental regulations. **NB:** The user's attention is drawn to the possible existence of regional or national regulations regarding disposal. Section 14: Transport information 14.1. UN number UN number: UN3276 14.2. UN proper shipping name Shipping name: NITRILES, TOXIC, LIQUID, N.O.S. 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) Transport class: 6.1 14.4. Packing group Packing group: III 14.5. Environmental hazards Environmentally hazardous: No Marine pollutant: No 14.6. Special precautions for user Tunnel code: E

Transport category: 2

Section 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessment: A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for the substance or the mixture

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ection 16: Other information	
Other information	
Other information:	This safety data sheet is prepared in accordance with Commission Regulation (EU) No
	453/2010.
	* Data predicted using computational software. Toxtree - Toxic Hazard Estimation by
	decision tree approach. http://ecb.jrc.ec.europa.eu/qsar/qsar-tools/index.php?
	c=TOXTREE
	~ Data predicted using computatioanl software ACD/ToxSuite v 2.95.1 Copyright 1994-
	2009 ACD/labs, Copyright 2001-2009 Pharma Algorithms, Inc, Advanced Chemistry
	Development, Inc (ACD/Labs). http://www.acdlabs.com/products/pc_admet/tox/tox/
Phrases used in s.2 and 3:	H302+332: Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.
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	H335: May cause respiratory irritation.
	R20/22: Harmful by inhalation and if swallowed.
	R24: Toxic in contact with skin.
	R36/37/38: Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.
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