

1,1'-CARBONYL-DI-(1,2,4-TRIAZOLE)

Page: 1

Compilation date: 23/03/2016

Revision No: 1

Section 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

## 1.1. Product identifier

Product name: 1,1'-CARBONYL-DI-(1,2,4-TRIAZOLE)

CAS number: 41864-22-6

Product code: OR52603

Synonyms: DI-1H-1,2,4-TRIAZOL-1-YLMETHANONE

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name: Apollo Scientific Ltd Units 3 & 4 Parkway Denton Manchester M34 3SG UK Tel: 0161 337 9971 Fax: 0161 336 6932 Email: david.tideswell@apolloscientific.co.uk

# 1.4. Emergency telephone number

# Section 2: Hazards identification

. . .

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification under CLP: Acute Tox. 4: H302; Eye Dam. 1: H318; -: H361

Most important adverse effects: Harmful if swallowed. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child .

# 2.2. Label elements

Label elements:	
Hazard statements:	H302: Harmful if swallowed.
	H318: Causes serious eye damage.
	H361: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child .
Signal words:	Danger
Hazard pictograms:	GHS05: Corrosion
	GHS07: Exclamation mark



#### 1,1'-CARBONYL-DI-(1,2,4-TRIAZOLE)

Page: 2

Precautionary statements: P310: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/.

P261: Avoid breathing dust.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

## 2.3. Other hazards

**PBT:** This product is not identified as a PBT/vPvB substance.

## Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

# 3.1. Substances

Chemical identity: 1,1'-CARBONYL-DI-(1,2,4-TRIAZOLE)

CAS number: 41864-22-6

#### Section 4: First aid measures

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

**Skin contact:** Remove all contaminated clothes and footwear immediately unless stuck to skin. Wash immediately with plenty of soap and water.

- **Eye contact:** Bathe the eye with running water for 15 minutes. Transfer to hospital for specialist examination.
  - **Ingestion:** Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. If conscious, give half a litre of water to drink immediately. Consult a doctor.
  - Inhalation: Remove casualty from exposure ensuring one's own safety whilst doing so. Consult a doctor.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Skin contact: There may be irritation and redness at the site of contact.

**Eye contact:** There may be pain and redness. The eyes may water profusely. There may be severe pain. The vision may become blurred. May cause permanent damage.

**Ingestion:** There may be soreness and redness of the mouth and throat. Nausea and stomach pain may occur.

**Inhalation:** There may be irritation of the throat with a feeling of tightness in the chest.

Delayed / immediate effects: Immediate effects can be expected after short-term exposure.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Immediate / special treatment: Eye bathing equipment should be available on the premises.

## Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder, foam. Suitable extinguishing media for the

surrounding fire should be used. Use water spray to cool containers.

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Exposure hazards: Corrosive. In combustion emits toxic fumes of carbon dioxide / carbon monoxide.

Nitrogen oxides (NOx).

## 1,1'-CARBONYL-DI-(1,2,4-TRIAZOLE)

#### 5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Advice for fire-fighters: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear protective clothing to prevent contact

with skin and eyes.

## Section 6: Accidental release measures

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions: Mark out the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorised

personnel. Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective clothing - see section

8 of SDS. Do not create dust.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions: Do not discharge into drains or rivers.

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean-up procedures: Transfer to a closable, labelled salvage container for disposal by an appropriate

method.

## 6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections: Refer to section 8 of SDS.

## Section 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Handling requirements: Avoid direct contact with the substance. Ensure there is sufficient ventilation of the area.

Avoid the formation or spread of dust in the air. Only use in fume hood.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions: Store in a cool, well ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed. Moisture sensitive.

Store under Argon. Recommended storage temp 2-8 °C.

Suitable packaging: Must only be kept in original packaging.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s): No data available.

# Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Workplace exposure limits: No data available.

**DNEL/PNEC** Values

DNEL / PNEC No data available.

# 8.2. Exposure controls

**Engineering measures:** Ensure there is sufficient ventilation of the area.

**Respiratory protection:** Self-contained breathing apparatus must be available in case of emergency. Respiratory

protective device with particle filter.

## 1,1'-CARBONYL-DI-(1,2,4-TRIAZOLE)

Hand protection: Protective gloves.

Eye protection: Tightly fitting safety goggles. Ensure eye bath is to hand.

Skin protection: Protective clothing.

# Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

State: Powder

Colour: Beige

Also soluble in: Methanol.

Melting point/range ℃: 138-152

9.2. Other information

Other information: No data available.

# Section 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity: Stable under recommended transport or storage conditions.

10.2. Chemical stability

Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal transport or storage conditions.

Decomposition may occur on exposure to conditions or materials listed below.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid: Heat. Moisture.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid: Strong oxidising agents. Strong acids.

# 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Haz. decomp. products: In combustion emits toxic fumes of carbon dioxide / carbon monoxide. Nitrogen oxides

(NOx).

# Section 11: Toxicological information

# 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

# **Toxicity values:**

Route	Species	Test	Value	Units
ORAL	RAT	LD50	1648	mg/kg

Page: 4

# 1,1'-CARBONYL-DI-(1,2,4-TRIAZOLE)

Page: 5

## Hazardous ingredients:

## 1,1'-CARBONYL-DI-(1,2,4-TRIAZOLE)

ORAL RAT LD50	1648	mg/kg
---------------	------	-------

#### Relevant hazards for substance:

Hazard	Route	Basis
Acute toxicity (ac. tox. 4)	ING	Hazardous: calculated
Serious eye damage/irritation	OPT	Hazardous: calculated

## Symptoms / routes of exposure

Skin contact: There may be irritation and redness at the site of contact.
Eye contact: There may be pain and redness. The eyes may water profusely. There may be severe pain. The vision may become blurred. May cause permanent damage.
Ingestion: There may be soreness and redness of the mouth and throat. Nausea and stomach pain may occur.
Inhalation: There may be irritation of the throat with a feeling of tightness in the chest.

Delayed / immediate effects: Immediate effects can be expected after short-term exposure.

# Section 12: Ecological information

# 12.1. Toxicity

#### **Ecotoxicity values:**

Species	Test	Value	Units
Daphnia magna	EC50	>100	mg/l
ALGAE	ErC50	63	mg/l
BACTERIA	3H IC50	5.6	mg/l

#### Hazardous ingredients:

#### 1,1'-CARBONYL-DI-(1,2,4-TRIAZOLE)

ALGAE	ErC50	63	mg/l
BACTERIA	3H IC50	5.6	mg/l
Daphnia magna	EC50	>100	mg/l

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability: No data available.

# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential: No data available.

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility: No data available.

## 1,1'-CARBONYL-DI-(1,2,4-TRIAZOLE)

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT identification: This product is not identified as a PBT/vPvB substance.

## 12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects: Harmful to aquatic organisms.

#### Section 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

# Disposal operations: MATERIAL SHOULD BE DISPOSED OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS Disposal of packaging: Dispose of as special waste in compliance with local and national regulations Observe all federal, state and local environmental regulations.

**NB:** The user's attention is drawn to the possible existence of regional or national regulations regarding disposal.

## Section 14: Transport information

Transport class: This product does not require a classification for transport.

## Section 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

## Specific regulations: Not applicable.

#### 15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

**Chemical safety assessment:** A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for the substance or the mixture by the supplier.

#### Section 16: Other information

# Other information

Other information:	This safety data sheet is prepared in accordance with Commission Regulation (EU) No		
	453/2010.		
	* Data predicted using computational software. Toxtree - Toxic Hazard Estimation by		
	decision tree approach. http://ecb.jrc.ec.europa.eu/qsar/qsar-tools/index.php?		
	c=TOXTREE		
	~ Data predicted using computational software ACD/ToxSuite v 2.95.1 Copyright 1994-		
	2009 ACD/labs, Copyright 2001-2009 Pharma Algorithms, Inc, Advanced Chemistry		
	Development, Inc (ACD/Labs). http://www.acdlabs.com/products/pc_admet/tox/tox/		
Phrases used in s.2 and s.3:	H302: Harmful if swallowed.		
	H318: Causes serious eye damage.		
	H361: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child <state effect="" if="" known="" specific=""></state>		
	<state conclusively="" exposure="" exposure<="" if="" is="" it="" no="" of="" other="" proven="" route="" routes="" th="" that=""></state>		
	cause the hazard>.		

#### 1,1'-CARBONYL-DI-(1,2,4-TRIAZOLE)

Legal disclaimer: The material is intended for research purposes only and should be handled exclusively by those who have been fully trained in safety, laboratory and chemical handling procedures. The above information is believed to be correct to the best of our knowledge. The above information is believed to be correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of its publication, but should not be considered to be all inclusive. It should be used only as a guide for safe handling, storage, transportation and disposal. We cannot guarantee that the hazards detailed in this document are the only hazards that exist for this product. This is not a warranty and Apollo Scientific Ltd shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.

#### Page: 7