

Revision number: 2 Revision date: 10/06/2014

## 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Product code: Dimethyl Sulfite D0264

For laboratory research purposes.

Not for drug or household use.

Product use: Restrictions on use:

#### Company:

TCI America 9211 N. Harborgate Street Portland, OR 97203 U.S.A. Telephone: +1-800-423-8616 / +1-503-283-1681 Fax: +1-888-520-1075 / +1-503-283-1987 e-mail: sales-US@TCIchemicals.com www.TCIchemicals.com

### 2. HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

OSHA Haz Com: CFR 1910.1200:

Skin Corrosion/Irritation [Category 2] Eye Damage/Irritation [Category 2A] Flammable Liquids [Category 3]

**TCI AMERICA** 

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Signal word:

Warning!

Hazard Statement(s):

Causes serious eye irritation Causes skin irritation Flammable liquid and vapor

#### Pictogram(s) or Symbol(s):



 $\mathbf{v}$ 

Precautionary Statement(s): [Prevention]

[Response]

[Storage] [Disposal] Wash hands and face thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye and face protection. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames or other hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground or bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting, and equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Wear protective gloves, eye protection and face protection.

If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. In case of fire: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with US EPA guidelines for the classification and determination of hazardous waste listed in 40 CFR 261.3. (See Section 13)

Page 1 of 6

Emergency telephone number: Chemical Emergencies: TCI America (8:00am - 5:00pm) PST +1-503-286-7624 Transportation Emergencies: Chemtrec 24-Hour +1-800-424-9300 (U.S.A.) +1-703-527-3887 (International) **Responsible department:** TCI America Environmental Health Safety and Security +1- 503-286-7624 **TCI AMERICA** 

## Page 2 of 6

# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance/Misture.	Substance
Substance/Mixture:	Substance Dimethyl Sulfite
Components:	
Percent:	>99.0%(GC)
CAS Number:	616-42-2
Molecular Weight:	110.13
Chemical Formula:	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>6</sub> O <sub>3</sub> S
Synonyms:	Methyl Sulfite
4. FIRST-AID MEASURES	
Inhalation:	Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell. Move victim to fresh air. Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult. Keep victim warm and quiet. Treat symptomatically and supportively. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take presented to presente the presented to be p
Skin contact:	take precautions to protect themselves. Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Remove and isolate contaminated clothing and shoes. In case of contact with substance, immediately flush skin with running water for at least 20 minutes. Treat symptomatically and supportively. Ensure that media persented are every a water of the meterical of the protection of the meterical person of the meterical of th
Eye contact:	medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves. IMMEDIATELY flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Contact with material may irritate or burn eyes. Call emergency medical service. Move victim to fresh air. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Keep victim warm and quiet. Treat symptomatically and supportively. Effects of exposure to substance may be delayed. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves.
Ingestion:	Do not induce vomiting with out medical advice. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If a person vomits place them in the recovery position so that vomit will not reenter the mouth and throat. Rinse mouth. Keep victim warm and quiet. Treat symptomatically and supportively. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves.
Symptoms/effects:	
Acute: Delayed:	Redness. No data available
Immediate medical attention:	If breathing has stopped, perform artificial respiration. Use first aid treatment according to the nature of the injury. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves.
5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES	
	Dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray, or alcohol-resistant foam. Consult with local fire authorities before
Suitable extinguishing media:	attempting large scale fire fighting operations.
Specific hazards arising from the chemic Hazardous combustion products:	attempting large scale fire fighting operations.
Specific hazards arising from the chemic Hazardous combustion products: Other specific hazards: Special precautions for fire-fighters: Use water spray or fog; do not use straight have a very low flash point: Use of water sp explosion hazard. Containers may explode Special protective equipment for fire-figl Wear positive pressure self-contained brea ONLY; it may not be effective in spill situation	attempting large scale fire fighting operations. cal These products include: Carbon oxides Silicates Closed containers may explode from heat of a fire. streams. Dike fire-control water for later disposal; do not scatter the material. CAUTION: All these products oray when fighting fire may be inefficient. Do not use straight streams. Runoff to sewer may create fire or when heated. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. hters:
have a very low flash point: Use of water sp explosion hazard. Containers may explode <b>Special protective equipment for fire-figl</b> Wear positive pressure self-contained brea	attempting large scale fire fighting operations. cal These products include: Carbon oxides Silicates Closed containers may explode from heat of a fire. streams. Dike fire-control water for later disposal; do not scatter the material. CAUTION: All these products bray when fighting fire may be inefficient. Do not use straight streams. Runoff to sewer may create fire or when heated. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. hters: thing apparatus (SCBA). Structural fire fighters' protective clothing provides limited protection in fire situations ons. Wear chemical protective clothing which is specifically recommended by the manufacturer. It may

Personal precautions:	Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Use spark- proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Remove all sources of ignition. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing (Section 8). Warn unnecessary personnel to move away. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Ensure adequate ventilation. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel.		
Personal protective equipment:	Wear eye protection (splash goggles) and face protection (full length face shield). Lab coat. Vapor respirator. Be sure to use a MSHA/NIOSH approved respirator or equivalent. Wear protective gloves (nitrile).		

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency procedures:

Isolate area until gas has dispersed. In case of a spill and/or a leak, always shut off any sources of ignition, ventilate the area, and excercise caution. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Warn personnel to move away. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Stop leak if without risk. Ventilate the area. Absorb with an inert material and put the spilled material in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material. **Environmental precautions:** 

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Water runoff can cause environmental damage. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE	
Precautions for safe handling:	Do NOT breath gas, fumes, vapor, or spray. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Use explosion-proof equipment. Use only non-sparking hand tool when handling this product. Ground all equipment containing material. Take measures to prevent build up of electrostatic charge. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control airborne levels. Keep container dry. Handle and open container with care. Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection. When using do not eat, drink, or smoke. Keep away from sources of ignition.
Conditions for safe storage:	Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame, or any other ignition source. Keep away from incompatibles. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Avoid prolonged storage periods.
Storage incompatibilities:	Combustible substances, Store away from oxidizing agents

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure limits: No data available

#### Appropriate engineering controls:

Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control airborne levels. Ventilation is normally required when handling or using this product. Eyewash fountains should be provided in areas where there is any possibility that workers could be exposed to the substance. Follow safe industrial engineering/laboratory practices when handling any chemical.

#### Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection:Vapor respirator. Be sure to use a MSHA/NIOSH approved respirator or equivalent.Hand protection:Wear protective gloves.Eye protection:Splash goggles.Skin and body protection:Lab coat.

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state (20°C): Form: Color: Odor: Odor threshold:	Liquid Clear Colorless - Almost colorless No data available No data available		
Melting point/freezing point: Boiling point/range: Decomposition temperature: Relative density: Kinematic Viscosity:	No data available 126°C (259°F) No data available 1.21 No data available	pH: Vapor pressure: Vapor density: Dynamic Viscosity:	No data available No data available No data available No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water (log P <sub>ow</sub> )	No data available	Evaporation rate: (Butyl Acetate = 1)	No data available
Flash point: Flammability (solid, gas):	30°C (86°F) No data available	Autoignition temper Flammability or exp Lower: Upper:	

Solubility(ies):

## **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity: Chemical Stability: Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Conditions to avoid: Incompatible materials: Hazardous Decomposition Products:				
11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION	1			
RTECS Number: WT3512000				
Acute Toxicity: ihl-mus LC:>2600 mg/m³/10M				
Skin corrosion/irritation: No data available				
Serious eye damage/irritation: No data available				
<b>Respiratory or skin sensitization:</b> No data available				
Germ cell mutagenicity: No data available				
Carcinogenicity:				
No data available				
IARC: No data available	NTP:	No data available	OSHA:	No data available
<b>Reproductive toxicity:</b> No data available				
Routes of Exposure:	Inhalation, Eye co	ntact, Ingestion, Skin contact	t.	
Symptoms related to exposure: Skin contact may result in inflammation; cha or dry skin. Eye contact may result in redner Potential Health Effects:	aracterized by itching ss or pain.	-		contact may result in redness, pain
Skin and eye contact may result in irritation. Target organ(s):	No data available			
12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION				
Factovicity				
Ecotoxicity Fish:	No data available			
Crustacea:	No data available			
Algae:	No data available			
Persistence and degradability:	No data available			
Bioaccumulative potential (BCF):	No data available			
Mobillity in soil:	No data available			
Partition coefficient:	No data available			

wobinity in soil:	No dala avaliable
Partition coefficient:	No data available
n-octanol/water (log Pow)	
Soil adsorption (Koc):	No data available
Henry's Law:	No data available
constant (PaM <sup>3</sup> /mol)	

Dimethyl Sulfite	imethyl Sulfite			
rules and regul chemical incine assistance but regulatory com Waste are liste water ways, or Disposal of container: Dispose of as u		ations. You may be able to disso rator equipped with an afterburn does not replace these laws, nor pliance according to the law. US d in 40 CFR Parts 261. The prod the soil. nused product. Do not re-use er	br's responsibility to comply with Federal, State and Local olve or mix material with a combustible solvent and burn in her and scrubber system. This section is intended to provide r does compliance in accordance with this section ensure EPA guidelines for Identification and Listing of Hazardous luct should not be allowed to enter the environment, drains mpty containers. when disposing of the substance.	
14. TRANSPOR	RT INFORMATION			
DOT (US)				
UN number: UN1993	<b>Proper Shipping I</b> Flammable liquids,		Class or Division: 3 Flammable liquid	Packing Group: III
<b>IATA</b> <b>UN number:</b> UN1993	<b>Proper Shipping I</b> Flammable liquid, i		<b>Class or Division:</b> 3 Flammable liquid	Packing Group:
<b>IMDG</b> UN number: UN1993	<b>Proper Shipping I</b> Flammable liquid, i		<b>Class or Division:</b> 3 Flammable liquid	Packing Group:
EmS number:		F-E, S-E		
15. REGULATO	ORY INFORMATION			
	Control Act (TSCA 8b the EPA Toxic Substa		SCA) inventory.	
US Federal Regu	lations			
CERCLA Hazardo SARA 313 SARA 302		Not Listed Not Listed		
State Regulation	<u>s</u>			
State Right-to-Kn	IOW			
Massachu New Jerse Pennsylva California Propos	ey ania	Not Listed Not Listed Not Listed Not Listed		
Other Information	n			
	_			

## NFPA Rating:

EC-No:

Health:2Flammability:3Instability:0

## HMIS Classification:

Health:	2
Flammability:	3
Physical:	0

## International Inventories

WHMIS hazard class:

B2: Flammable Liquid. D2B: Materials causing other toxic effects. (Toxic) 210-481-0

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Revision date: 10/06/2014 Revision number: 2

#### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

TCI chemicals are for research purposes only and are NOT intended for use as drugs, food additives, households, or pesticides. The information herein is believed to be correct, but does not claim to be all inclusive and should be used only as a guide. Neither the above named supplier nor any of its affiliates or subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All chemical reagents must be handled with the recognition that their chemical, physiological, toxicological, and hazardous properties have not been fully investigated or determined. All chemical reagents should be handled only by individuals who are familiar with their potential hazards and who have been fully trained in proper safety, laboratory, and chemical handling procedures. Although certain hazards are described herein, we can not guarantee that these are the only hazards which exist. Our SDS are based only on data available at the time of shipping and are subject to change without notice as new information is obtained. Avoid long storage periods since the product is subject to degradation with age and may become more dangerous or hazardous. It is the responsibility of the user to request updated SDS for products that are stored for extended periods. Disposal of unused product must be undertaken by qualified personnel who are knowledgeable in all applicable regulations and follow all pertinent safety precautions including the use of appropriate protective equipment, (e.g. protective gogles, protective clothing, breathing equipment, face mask, fume hood). For proper handling and disposal, always comply with federal, state and local regulations.