

TCI AMERICA **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Revision number: 4 Revision date: 10/17/2016

IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Iodoacetonitrile

Product code: 10419

For laboratory research purposes. Product use: Restrictions on use: Not for drug or household use.

Company: TCI America

9211 N. Harborgate Street Portland, OR 97203 U.S.A.

Telephone:

+1-800-423-8616 / +1-503-283-1681

Fax:

+1-888-520-1075 / +1-503-283-1987

sales-US@TCIchemicals.com www.TCIchemicals.com

Emergency telephone number:

Chemical Emergencies:

TCI America (8:00am - 5:00pm) PST

+1-503-286-7624

Transportation Emergencies:

Chemtrec 24-Hour

+1-800-424-9300 (U.S.A.)

+1-703-527-3887 (International)

Responsible department: TCI America

Environmental Health Safety and Security

+1-503-286-7624

2. HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

OSHA Haz Com: CFR 1910.1200: Acute Toxicity - Oral [Category 4]

Eye Damage/Irritation [Category 1] Flammable Liquids [Category 4] Skin Corrosion/Irritation [Category 1C]

Signal word: Danger!

Hazard Statement(s): Causes serious eye damage

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

Combustible liquid Harmful if swallowed

Pictogram(s) or Symbol(s):





Precautionary Statement(s):

[Prevention]

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands and face thoroughly after handling. Do not breathe dusts or mists. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection. Wear eye protection. Wear face protection (full length face shield). Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames or other hot surfaces. - No smoking. Wear

protective gloves, eye protection and face protection.

If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center or doctor. Rinse mouth. If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do NOT [Response] induce vomiting. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water

or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. In case of

fire: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

[Storage] Store locked up. Store in well-ventilated place. Keep cool. [Disposal]

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with US EPA guidelines for the classification and

determination of hazardous waste listed in 40 CFR 261.3. (See Section 13)

Iodoacetonitrile TCI AMERICA Page 2 of 6

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

Skin contact:

Inhalation: Immediately call a poison center or doctor. Effects of exposure (inhalation) to substance may be delayed.

Move victim to fresh air. Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult. Keep victim warm and quiet. Treat symptomatically and supportively. Ensure that medical

personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves.

For severe burns, immediate medical attention is required. Immediately call a poison center or doctor. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Remove and isolate contaminated clothing and shoes. In case of contact with substance, immediately flush skin with running water for at least 20 minutes. Treat symptomatically and supportively. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s)

involved and take precautions to protect themselves.

Eye contact: IMMEDIATELY flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Eye contact with vapors or substance may cause severe injury, burns, or death. Call emergency medical service. Move

victim to fresh air. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Keep victim warm and quiet. Treat symptomatically and supportively. Effects of exposure to substance may be delayed. Ensure that medical

personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves.

Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed. Do not induce vomiting with out medical advice. Call a physician or Poison Control

Center immediately. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If a person vomits place them in the recovery position so that vomit will not reenter the mouth and throat. Rinse mouth. Keep victim warm and quiet. Treat symptomatically and supportively. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the

material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves.

Symptoms/effects:

Acute: Pain. Redness.

Delayed: No data available

Immediate medical attention: WARNING: It might be hazardous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth respiration, because

the inhaled material is harmful. WARNING: It might be hazardous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth respiration, because the inhaled material is corrosive. For severe burns, immediate medical attention is required. If breathing has stopped, perform artificial respiration. Use first aid treatment according to the nature of the injury. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved

and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Dry chemical, CO₂ or water spray. Consult with local fire authorities before attempting large scale fire

fighting operations.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

These products include: Carbon oxides Nitrogen oxides Halogenated compounds

Other specific hazards: Closed containers may explode from heat of a fire.

Special precautions for fire-fighters:

Use water spray or fog; do not use straight streams. Dike fire-control water for later disposal; do not scatter the material. CAUTION: All these products have a very low flash point: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient. Do not use straight streams. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. Containers may explode when heated. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:

Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural fire fighters' protective clothing provides limited protection in fire situations ONLY; it may not be effective in spill situations. Wear chemical protective clothing which is specifically recommended by the manufacturer. It may provide little or no thermal protection.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions: Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Use spark-

proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Remove all sources of ignition. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing (Section 8). Warn unnecessary personnel to move away. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel.

Iodoacetonitrile TCI AMERICA Page 3 of 6

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal protective equipment: Wear eye protection (splash goggles) and face protection (full length face shield). Lab coat. Vapor

respirator. Be sure to use a MSHA/NIOSH approved respirator or equivalent. Wear protective gloves

(nitrile).

Emergency procedures:

Isolate area until gas has dispersed. In case of a spill and/or a leak, always shut off any sources of ignition, ventilate the area, and excercise caution. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Warn personnel to move away. Prevent entry into sewers,

basements or confined areas; dike if needed.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Stop leak if without risk. Ventilate the area. Absorb with an inert material and put the spilled material in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material.

Environmental precautions:

Keep away from living quarters. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Water runoff can cause environmental damage. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling: Do NOT breath gas, fumes, vapor, or spray. Manipulate under an adequate fume hood. Do not ingest.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Use explosion-proof equipment. Use only non-sparking hand tool when handling this product. Ground all equipment containing material. Take measures to prevent build up of electrostatic charge. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control airborne levels. Keep container dry. Handle and open container with care. Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection. When using do not eat, drink, or smoke. Keep

away from sources of ignition.

Conditions for safe storage: Keep away from sources of ignition. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame, or any other

ignition source. Store locked up. Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep away from incompatibles. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent

leakage. Avoid prolonged storage periods.

Storage incompatibilities: Bases, Combustible substances, Store away from oxidizing agents

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure limits: No data available

Appropriate engineering controls:

Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control airborne levels. Ventilation is normally required when handling or using this product. Eyewash fountains should be provided in areas where there is any possibility that workers could be exposed to the substance. Follow safe industrial engineering/laboratory practices when handling any chemical.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: Vapor respirator. Be sure to use a MSHA/NIOSH approved respirator or equivalent.

Hand protection: Wear protective gloves.

Eye protection: Splash goggles.

Skin and body protection: Lab coat.

•

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state (20°C): Liquid
Form: Liquid
Color: Yellow - Brown

Odor:
No data available
No data available

Melting point/freezing point: No data available pH: No data available Boiling point/range: 78°C (172°F)/1.9kPa Vapor pressure: No data available **Decomposition temperature:** No data available Vapor density: No data available Relative density: 2.31 **Dynamic Viscosity:** No data available

Kinematic Viscosity: No data available

Partition coefficient:No data availableEvaporation rate:No data available

n-octanol/water (log Pow) (Butyl Acetate = 1)

Iodoacetonitrile TCI AMERICA Page 4 of 6

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Flash point: 86°C (187°F) Autoignition temperature: No data available

Flammability (solid, gas): No data available Flammability or explosive limits:

Lower: No data available

Upper: No data available

Solubility(ies):

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not Available.

Chemical Stability: Moisture sensitive. Light sensitive.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: In use, may form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

Conditions to avoid: Exposure to light. Exposure to moisture. Moisture sensitive.

Incompatible materials: Reducing agents, Strong acids, Strong bases, Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomposition Products: No data available

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity:

No data available

Skin corrosion/irritation:

No data available

Serious eye damage/irritation:

No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitization:

No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity:

No data available

Carcinogenicity:

No data available

IARC: No data available NTP: No data available OSHA: No data available

Reproductive toxicity:

No data available

Routes of Exposure: Inhalation, Eye contact, Ingestion, Skin contact.

Symptoms related to exposure:

Overexposure may result in serious illness or death. Skin contact may produce burrns. Skin contact may result in inflammation; characterized by itching, scaling, reddening, or occasionally blistering. Eye contact can result in corneal damage or blindness.

Potential Health Effects:

No specific information available; skin and eye contact may result in irritation. May be harmful if inhaled or ingested.

Target organ(s): No data available

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Fish: No data available
Crustacea: No data available
Algae: No data available

Persistence and degradability:
Bioaccumulative potential (BCF):
Mobillity in soil:
Partition coefficient:
No data available
No data available
No data available

n-octanol/water (log Pow)

Soil adsorption (Koc):

Henry's Law:

No data available
No data available

constant (PaM³/mol)

Iodoacetonitrile TCI AMERICA Page 5 of 6

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal of product: Recycle to process if possible. It is the generator's responsibility to comply with Federal, State and Local

rules and regulations. You may be able to dissolve or mix material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber system. This section is intended to provide assistance but does not replace these laws, nor does compliance in accordance with this section ensure regulatory compliance according to the law. US EPA guidelines for Identification and Listing of Hazardous Waste are listed in 40 CFR Parts 261. The product should not be allowed to enter the environment, drains,

water ways, or the soil.

Disposal of container: Dispose of as unused product. Do not re-use empty containers.

Other considerations: Observe all federal, state and local regulations when disposing of the substance.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT (US)

UN number: Proper Shipping Name: Class or Division: Packing Group:

UN1760 Corrosive liquids, n.o.s. 8 Corrosive material III

IATA

UN number: Proper Shipping Name: Class or Division: Packing Group:

UN1760 Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. 8 Corrosive material II

<u>IMDG</u>

UN number: Proper Shipping Name: Class or Division: Packing Group:

UN1760 Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. 8 Corrosive material II

EmS number: F-A, S-B

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA 8b.):

This product is NOT on the EPA Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory. The following notices are required by 40 CFR 720.36 (C) for those products not on the inventory list:

- (i) These products are supplied solely for use in research and development by or under the supervision of a technically qualified individual as defined in 40 CFR 720.0 et sec.
- (ii) The health risks of these products have not been fully determined. Any information that is or becomes available will be supplied on a SDS sheet.

US Federal Regulations

CERCLA Hazardous substance and Reportable Quantity:

SARA 313: Not Listed SARA 302: Not Listed

State Regulations

State Right-to-Know

MassachusettsNot ListedNew JerseyNot ListedPennsylvaniaNot ListedCalifornia Proposition 65:Not Listed

Other Information

NFPA Rating: HMIS Classification:

Health:3Health:3Flammability:2Flammability:2Instability:0Physical:0

International Inventories

WHMIS hazard class: E: Corrosive material.

B3: Combustible Liquid. D2A: Materials causing other toxic effects. (Very Toxic)

EC-No: 210-860-0

Iodoacetonitrile TCI AMERICA Page 6 of 6

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Revision date: 10/17/2016 Revision number: 4

TCI chemicals are for research purposes only and are NOT intended for use as drugs, food additives, households, or pesticides. The information herein is believed to be correct, but does not claim to be all inclusive and should be used only as a guide. Neither the above named supplier nor any of its affiliates or subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All chemical reagents must be handled with the recognition that their chemical, physiological, toxicological, and hazardous properties have not been fully investigated or determined. All chemical reagents should be handled only by individuals who are familiar with their potential hazards and who have been fully trained in proper safety, laboratory, and chemical handling procedures. Although certain hazards are described herein, we can not guarantee that these are the only hazards which exist. Our SDS are based only on data available at the time of shipping and are subject to change without notice as new information is obtained. Avoid long storage periods since the product is subject to degradation with age and may become more dangerous or hazardous. It is the responsibility of the user to request updated SDS for products that are stored for extended periods. Disposal of unused product must be undertaken by qualified personnel who are knowledgeable in all applicable regulations and follow all pertinent safety precautions including the use of appropriate protective equipment (e.g. protective goggles, protective clothing, breathing equipment, face mask, fume hood). For proper handling and disposal, always comply with federal, state and local regulations.